Assured on B26 Papers, Job Seeker Says

By ORR KELLY Star Staff Writer

was assured as early as Feburary 1965 that all of the paper work on the planes would be in order.

Testifying as a defense witness for two men charged with conspiring to export seven of the straightened out—not while I bombers illegally, Edwin Frank was on a flat payment." Keyes of Merritt Island, Fla., said that was the one thing he was most concerned about.

last week of February, he said, flight, from which he would he met Gregory Board, the 45- have to pay all expenses. On an year-old alleged mastermind in easy flight, Keyes said, he the plane smuggling deal, in figured he could make \$1,000-

Tucson, Ariz., and talked to him | but clear only \$500 if there were | report is viewed by the defense

Star Staft Writer about a lob flying the planes.

BUFFALO, N.Y.—A pilot who "I asked Board about cuswasn't hired to fly B26 bombers toms," Keyes said. "I knew that to Portugal has testified that he unless paper work is clean, you don't get through customs . . . If there was any one thing I stressed, it was that the paper work would have to be perfect. I would not sit three or four days Indictments have been disin a port for the paper to be

Figures Out Pay

Board suggested, Keyes said, On a crosscountry trip in the that he be paid \$3,000 for each

any difficulties

John Richard Hawke, an ex-Royal Air Force pilot who has said he made the seven flights between May and August of last year, is one of the two men still |ian aircraft. on trial here. The other is Count Henri Maris de Montmarin. missed against two others and Board has been out of the country since before his indictment.

Hawke, who is expected to testify later this week, has said that he believed the whole operation was being run by the Central Intelligence Agency. A man he believed to be a CIA agent, he says, gave him two code words—"Monarch" and and ue. <u>"Sparrow"—to use in case be</u> got in trouble.

But another defense witness indicated yesterday that "Monarch" may not have been the mysterious code word Hawke considers it.

"Monarch" Discounted

Nicholas A. Kleiner, a supervisor for the Federal Aviation described how Hawke came to Agecy's New York Air Traffic his office in Fort Lauderdale, Control Center, produced rec-ords from last year showing that and complained that he was Hawke had failed to check in by being followed. radio on trans-Atlantic flights.

On one of them, he said, the plane was described as a "Monarch B26."

In testimony last week, government witness explained that the B26 was described as an "Invader" by Douglas Aircraft, the manufacturer. But when the planes are converted for civilian use, he said, they are designated "Monarch."

While the use of the word "Monarch" on the official FAA

as evidence that the CIA was watching over Hawke, to the prosecution it appears to show that there was an attempt to represent the bombers as civil-

Ask Dismissals

When the prosecution's case ended earlier in the day, Edwin Marger, attorney for Hawke, and Edward Brodsky, De Montmarin's attorney, argued that the indictments against their clients should be dismissed.

U.S. Atty. John T. Curtin contended that sufficient evidence of a crime had been produced for the trial to contin-

District Judge John O Henderson reserved judgment on the motions, which he described as "strong," and ordered that the defense to go on in the meantime.

One of the first defense witnesses was Joseph E. Sullivan, a special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who

Moments later, a man who identified himself as a U.S. customs agent entered the office and admitted he had Hawke surveillance, Sullivan under said.

"Hawke and the customs

agent exchanged some heated words," Sullivan said, "with Hawke demanding to know why he was under surveillance. He.

said something like, 'why are you following me when we're both working for the same people?"

PYRGHT



FOIAb3b

CPYRGHT

CPYRGHT